

Podgaiskaya Y.A.
NEOLOGISMS AND ANGLICISMS IN MEDICAL TERMINOLOGY

Tutor: senior lecturer O.V. Prostotina
Department of Foreign Languages
Belarusian State Medical University, Minsk

Relevance. Neologisms are in regular use by medical staff. These new words appeal interest from an etymological point of view. The impact of neologisms is of great importance from realistic perspective. People are to be aware of constant changes as in language as in medicine and take into account the potential usefulness of new words appearance. Neologisms have positive and negative influence on communication, so it is significant to evaluate their effect objectively.

Aim: to define the neologisms and anglicisms role in modern medical vocabulary. To assess the medical students' neologisms and anglicisms knowledge and form their attitude to the new language units appearance in modern medical terminology.

Materials and methods. The literature analysis research methods and material generalization have been used. The students' group has been interviewed and the research carried out. We have figured out how many people use neologisms and anglicisms in everyday speech, and the necessity of their **Relevance** in communication between medical professionals.

Results and their discussion. We interviewed more than sixty people. The results varied depending on the students' study course. The research showed that 6,6% had never used anglicisms in their speech; 60,7% used them sometimes; 32,8% used anglicisms very often. 24,6% didn't think about the necessity to integrate anglicisms into medical terminology; 75,4% agreed that it was essential. In addition, 16,4% of the respondents had never heard about the term "neologism", but 83,6% were using them constantly. 88,5% of the participants believed the neologisms to be integrated into medical terminology; 90,2% agreed that neologisms made communication easier and speech more laconic. Almost all interviewees confirmed the neologisms to promote international communication among health care professionals.

Conclusion. Modern medical terminology, despite established words and expressions, is changing through the neologisms, anglicisms and other language units. They enrich the speech and make it more laconic and appropriate to understand. Neologisms and anglicisms facilitate international communication among health workers. Medical students use these language units in their everyday speech. The experiment has showed that students are open to implement new words into communication.